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| 09/888,547 | 06/26/2001 | Kazuhiro Sugawara | 35.C15492 | 9436 |
| 5514 7590 01/31/2008 FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | NGUYEN, QUANG N | |
| NEW YORK, NY 10112 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| 41 | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
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| Office Action Summary | | 09/888,547 | SUGAWARA ET AL. | | | |
| | | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | | Quang N. Nguyen | 2141 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | |
| WHICH - Extens after S - If NO p - Failure Any re | PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Deenod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing a patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI | I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 2a)⊠ ∃ 3)□ \$ | Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i> | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | | |
| Dispositio | on of Claims | | | | | |
| 5)□ (6)⊠ (7)□ (| Claim(s) 44-49,62,63,68 and 69 is/are pending (a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 44-49,62,63,68 and 69 is/are rejected Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | | | |
| Application | on Papers | | | | | |
| 10)⊠ T | The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 November 2001</u> is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to the GReplacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | re: a) \square accepted or b) \square objected or by \square objected area of the drawing (s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing (s) is object. | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| Priority ur | nder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| Attachment(| (s) | | | | | |
| 2) Notice 3) Inform | of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | ate | | | |

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Detailed Action

1. This Office Action is responsive to the Response filed on 12/07/2007. Claims 44-49, 62, 63, 68 and 69 remain pending for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 44, 46-49, 62-63 and 68-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wakasugi et al. (US 6,823,367), hereinafter "Wakasugi", in view of RFC 2298 "An Extensible Message Format for Message Disposition Notifications", published in March 1998, hereinafter "RFC 2298".
- 4. As to claim 44, **Wakasugi** teaches an image communicating apparatus (NFA as illustrated in Fig. 1) which is connected to a network capable of performing email communication, comprising:
- a transmitting unit, adapted to send email data accompanied by an image file; (Wakasugi, Fig. 1 and col. 6, lines 28-31 and lines 60-65);

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a receiving unit, adapted to receive email data (Wakasugi, col. 6, lines 28-31);

a requesting unit, adapted to add, selectively, information for requesting a message disposition notification MDN to the email data to be sent to a receiver by the transmitting unit (a request for an MDN message is made by adding a "Disposition Notification-To:" field to the header of an email to be transmitted to a receiver) (Wakasugi, Fig. 4 and col. 6, line 48 – col. 7, line 10);

a communication managing unit, adapted to manage transmission management information of the sent email data (Wakasugi, Fig. 8 and col. 8, lines 37-67);

an analyzing unit, adapted to analyze how the sent email data to which information for requesting the message disposition notification MDN was added is processed by the receiver, by analyzing the message disposition notification MDN included in the email data received by the receiving unit (as illustrated in Fig. 5, "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" is checked/analyzed to indicate the reception process of the sent email data received by the receiving unit) (Wakasugi, Fig. 5 and col. 7, lines 11-20 and lines 37-47);

a judgment unit, adapted to judge whether or not a result of the transmission of the sent email data to which the information for requesting the message disposition notification MDN was added succeeded, based on an analysis result by the analyzing unit (as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" is checked/analyzed to indicate the reception process of the sent email data received by the receiving unit and in this case, the sent email data was properly

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received and displayed) (Wakasugi, Fig. 5 and col. 7, lines 11-20 and lines 37-47 and col. 9, lines 46-60); and

a notifying unit, adapted to notify a user of the image communicating apparatus based on the transmission management information managed by the communication managing unit (Wakasugi, Fig. 12 and col. 9, line 65 – col. 10, line 3),

wherein the communication managing unit updates the transmission management information by information showing whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, on the basis of a judged result provided by the judgment unit (the NFA detects the delivery confirmation mail sent from the NFB at step 104 and executes the reception process of the delivery confirmation mail at step 105 and as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" indicates that the sent email data was properly received and displayed, the NFA changes "—" to "OK" in the result field of the communication management information recorded in the communication management table 4a) (Wakasugi, col. 9, lines 45-60), and

wherein the notifying unit notifies the user of the image communicating apparatus whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, on the basis of the updated transmission management information, so that a user of the image communicating apparatus can confirm whether or not transmission of the sent email data succeeded, without reading the message disposition information (Wakasugi, Fig. 12 and col. 9, line 65 – col. 10, line 3).

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However, **Wakasugi** does not **explicitly** teach the MDN can represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver.

In an analogous art, RFC 2298 teaches a MIME content-type (Message Disposition Notifications MDN) to describe the disposition of a message after it has been delivered to a recipient (RFC 2298, Abstract, page 1 of 27), wherein the Message Disposition Notification types are defined "displayed", "dispatched", "processed", "deleted", "denied" and "failed" which can be used to describe the disposition, i.e., the processed result of the message at the reception side (i.e., can represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver) (RFC 2298, section 3.2.6 Disposition field, pages 12-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the features of using the MDN to represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver, as disclosed by RFC 2298, into the teachings of Wakasugi since both references are directed to electronic message processing systems, hence, would be considered to be analogous based on their related fields of endeavor.

One would be motivated to do so to allow the communications system to report the sending user the disposition of a message after it has been successfully delivered to a recipient (FRC 2298, Abstract, page 1 of 27).

5. As to claim 46, **Wakasugi** in view of **RFC 2298** teaches the image communicating apparatus of claim 44, wherein the communication managing unit

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updates the transmission management information to first information, showing that the message disposition notification responsive to the sent email data has been received (the NFA detects the delivery confirmation mail sent from the NFB at step 104 and executes the reception process of the delivery confirmation mail at step 105 and as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" of the delivery confirmation mail indicates that the sent email data was properly received and displayed, the NFA changes "—" to "OK" in the result field of the communication management information recorded in the communication management table 4a) (Wakasugi, col. 9, lines 45-60).

- 6. As to claim 47, **Wakasugi** in view of **RFC 2298** teaches the image communicating apparatus of claim 44, wherein the communication managing unit updates the transmission management information to second information (user code recorded), showing that the message disposition notification responsive to the sent email data was not received within a predetermined period of time (12 hours) (Wakasugi, col. 14, line 48 col. 15, line 34).
- 7. As to claim 48, **Wakasugi** in view of **RFC 2298** teaches the image communicating apparatus of claim 44, wherein the notifying unit visually outputs the transmission management information which is managed by the communication managing unit (**Wakasugi**, col. 13, line 66 col. 14, line 3).

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8. As to claim 49, **Wakasugi** teaches an image communicating apparatus (*NFA as illustrated in Fig. 1*) which is connected to a network capable of performing email communication, comprising:

a transmitting unit, adapted to send email data accompanied by an image file; (Wakasugi, Fig. 1 and col. 6, lines 28-31 and lines 60-65);

a receiving unit, adapted to receive email data (Wakasugi, col. 6, lines 28-31);

a requesting unit, adapted to add, selectively, information for requesting a message disposition notification to the email data to be sent to a receiver by the transmitting unit (Wakasugi, Fig. 4 and col. 6, line 48 – col. 7, line 10);

an analyzing unit, adapted to analyze how the sent email data to which information for requesting the message disposition notification was added is processed by the receiver, by analyzing the message disposition notification included in the email data received by the receiving unit (as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" is checked/analyzed to indicate the reception process of the sent email data received by the receiving unit) (Wakasugi, Fig. 5 and col. 7, lines 11-20 and lines 37-47);

a judgment unit, adapted to judge whether or not a result of the transmission of the sent email data to which the information for requesting the message disposition notification was added succeeded, based on an analysis result by the analyzing unit (as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" is checked/analyzed to indicate the reception process of the sent email data received by the receiving unit and in this case, the sent email data was properly received and

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displayed) (Wakasugi, Fig. 5 and col. 7, lines 11-20 and lines 37-47 and col. 9, lines 46-60); and

a notifying unit, adapted to be able to notify whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, based on a judged result by the judgment unit, without reading the message disposition notification by a user of the image communication apparatus (the NFA detects the delivery confirmation mail sent from the NFB at step 104 and executes the reception process of the delivery confirmation mail at step 105 and as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" indicates that the sent email data was properly received and displayed, the NFA changes "—" to "OK" in the result field of the communication management information recorded in the communication management table 4a) (Wakasugi, Figs. 12 and 17, col. 9, line 45 – col. 10, line 3).

However, Wakasugi does not explicitly teach the MDN can represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver.

In an analogous art, RFC 2298 teaches a MIME content-type (Message Disposition Notifications MDN) to describe the disposition of a message after it has been delivered to a recipient (RFC 2298, Abstract, page 1 of 27), wherein the Message Disposition Notification types are defined "displayed", "dispatched", "processed", "deleted", "denied" and "failed" which can be used to describe the disposition, i.e., the processed result of the message at the reception side (i.e., can represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver) (RFC 2298, section 3.2.6 Disposition field, pages 12-14).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the features of using the MDN to represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver, as disclosed by RFC 2298, into the teachings of Wakasugi since both references are directed to electronic message processing systems, hence, would be considered to be analogous based on their related fields of endeavor.

One would be motivated to do so to allow the communications system to report the sending user the disposition of a message after it has been successfully delivered to a recipient (FRC 2298, Abstract, page 1 of 27).

- 9. Claims 62-63 and 68-69 are corresponding method and computer readable storage medium claims of apparatus claims 44 and 49; therefore, they are rejected under the same rationale.
- 10. Claims 44, 49, 62-63 and 68-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iwazaki (US 6,687,742), in view of Wakasugi (US 6,823,367).
- 11. As to claim 44, **Iwazaki** teaches an image communicating apparatus, comprising:
 a transmitting unit, adapted to send email data accompanied by an image file
 (Internet facsimiles 3 and 8 have both units functioning in transmission/reception emails with attached image) (Iwazaki, col. 4, line 56 col. 5, line 4);

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a receiving unit, adapted to receive email data (Internet facsimiles 3 and 8 have both units functioning in transmission/reception emails with attached image) (Iwazaki, col. 4, line 56 – col. 5, line 4);

a requesting unit, adapted to add, selectively, information for requesting a message disposition notification "MDN" to the email data to be sent to a receiver by said transmitting unit (<u>a request for an MDN message is made by adding a "Disposition Notification-To:" field to the header of an email to be transmitted to a receiver)</u> (Iwazaki, Fig. 4 and col. 6, lines 39-48);

a communication managing unit, adapted to manage transmission management information of the sent email data (<u>the processing result from the MDN response</u> <u>message is recorded in transmission history information</u>) (Iwazaki, col. 7, lines 61-64);

an analyzing unit, adapted to analyze how the sent email data to which the information for requesting the message disposition notification was added is processed by the receiver, by analyzing the message disposition notification included in the email data received by the receiving unit (as illustrated in Fig. 6 "Disposition: automatic-action/MDN-send-automatically; dispatched" and as in Fig. 11 "Disposition: automatic-action/MDN-send-automatically; processed/warning" is checked and analyzed to indicate the reception processes of the sent email data received by the receiving unit) (Iwazaki, Figs. 6, 11 and col. 7, line 11 – col. 8, line 12, col. 10, lines 17-26 and col. 12, lines 57-67) and capable of representing plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver (for example, "displayed", "dispatched", "processed", "printing", "deletion", etc.) (Iwazaki, col. 12, lines 18-23).

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a judgment unit, adapted to judge whether or not a result of the transmission of the sent email data to which the information for requesting the message disposition notification was added succeeded, based on an analysis result by the analyzing unit (as illustrated in Fig. 6 "Disposition: automatic-action/MDN-send-automatically; dispatched" and as illustrated in Fig. 11 "Disposition: automatic-action/MDN-send-automatically; processed/warning" is checked/analyzed to indicate the reception process of the sent email data received by the receiving unit and in this case, the sent email data was properly received and dispatched and/or processed) (Iwazaki, Figs. 6 and 11 and col. 7, line 11 – col. 8, line 12, col. 10, lines17-26 and col. 12, lines 57-67); and

wherein the communication managing unit updates the transmission management information by information showing whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, on the basis of a judged result provided by the judgment unit (the sender records the processing result in the returned MDN message in the transmission history information) (Iwazaki, col. 7, lines 61-64 and col. 13, lines 45-55).

However, **Iwazaki** does not explicitly teach a notifying unit notifies the user of said image communicating apparatus whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, on the basis of the updated transmission management information, so that the user of said image communicating apparatus can confirm whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, without reading the message disposition information.

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In an analogous art, **Wakasugi** discloses a system and method of allowing user to browse the history of transmission on data terminal, wherein the network facsimile device NFA has an ability to output the communication management information in the form of a communication management report which is created and outputted based on the recorded contents of the communication management table 4a shown in Fig. 8 (the NFA detects the delivery confirmation mail sent from the NFB at step 104 and executes the reception process of the delivery confirmation mail at step 105 and as illustrated in Fig. 5 "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" indicates that the sent email data was properly received and displayed, the NFA changes "—" to "OK" in the result field of the communication management information recorded in the communication management table 4a) (Wakasugi, Figs. 8-9, 12 and 17, col. 9, lines 12-36 and col. 9, line 65 – col. 10, line 3).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the Data Processing Art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the feature of notifying the user of said image communicating apparatus so that the user can confirm whether or not the transmission of the sent email data succeeded, without reading the message disposition information, as disclosed by **Wakasugi**, into the teaching of **Iwazaki**, since both references are directed to electronic message processing systems, hence, would be considered to be analogous based on their related fields of endeavor.

One would be motivated to do so to allow the communications system to inform the sending user the status of the delivery of the message.

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- 12. Claim 49 contains similar limitations as claim 44; therefore, it is rejected under the same rationale.
- 13. Claims 62-63 and 68-69 are corresponding method and computer readable storage medium claims of apparatus claims 44 and 49; therefore, they are rejected under the same rationale.
- 14. Claims 45-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iwazaki, in view of Wakasugi, and further in view of Miyamoto et al. (US 6,327,046), hereinafter "Miyamoto".
- 15. As to claim 45, **Iwazaki-Wakasugi** teaches the apparatus of claim 44, but does not explicitly teach a selecting unit, adapted to select ON/OFF of an execution of said requesting unit, wherein said communication managing unit manages ON/OFF of the request of the message disposition notification as transmission information for every sent email.

In an analogous art, **Miyamoto** teaches an electronic mail processing apparatus and method comprising a selecting part for selecting whether a request for reply to an electronic mail to be transmitted is to be made or not by marking the check box 19 in Fig. 5 to turn ON a reply email request (**Miyamoto**, **Fig. 5 and col. 6**, **lines 16-32**). **Miyamoto** also teaches that if a reply from the receiver of the email has been sent, the

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task finish flag 11-4-5 in the Todo task list storage section 11-4 of the RAM 11 is set to be "1" (i.e., update the transmission information on the basis of whether or not said requesting unit requests the reply email responsive to the sent email) (Miyamoto, col. 6, line 62 – col. 7, line 18).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the Data Processing Art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the feature of a selecting unit, adapted to select and manage ON/OFF of the request of the message disposition notification as transmission information for every sent email, as disclosed by **Miyamoto**, into the teachings of **Iwazaki-Wakasugi**, since references are directed to electronic message processing systems, hence, would be considered to be analogous based on their related fields of endeavor.

One would be motivated to do so to allow the sender to select whether a request for reply to an email from the receiver to be made or not at the time of transmitting the email and to specify a due date of reply and to retransmit the same email automatically when no reply has been received within a predetermined period of time.

16. As to claim 46, **Iwazaki-Wakasugi-Miyamoto** teaches the apparatus of claim 44, wherein said communication unit updates the transmission information to first information showing that the message disposition notification responsive to said sent email data has been received (i.e., the task finish flag 11-4-5 is set to "1", the item is displayed as a processed task with a check mark) (**Miyamoto**, **Figs. 7-8, col. 7, lines**

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6-18 and col. 8, lines 19-32). The same motivations regarding the obviousness of claim 45 would be applied equally well to claim 46.

- 17. As to claim 47, **Iwazaki-Wakasugi-Miyamoto** teaches the apparatus of claim 44, wherein said communication unit updates the transmission information to second information showing that the message disposition notification responsive to the sent email data was not received within a predetermined period of time (*i.e.*, the task finish flag is set to "0", the item is displayed as an unprocessed task) (**Miyamoto**, **Figs. 7-8** and col. 7, lines 6-21). The same motivations regarding the obviousness of claim 45 would be applied equally well to claim 47.
- As to claim 48, **Iwazaki-Wakasugi-Miyamoto** teaches the apparatus of claim 44, wherein said notifying unit visually outputs the transmission management information, which is managed by said communication managing unit (**Wakasugi, Figs. 8-9, 12 and 17, col. 9, lines 12-36 and col. 9, line 65 col. 10, line 3).**

Response to Arguments

- 19. In the Remarks, Applicants argued in substance that
- (A) "Nothing has been found in **Wakasugi** or **RFC 2298**, whether considered either separately or in any permissible combination (if any), that would teach or suggest

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an analyzing unit, adapted to analyze how the sent E-mail data to which information for requesting the message disposition notification was added is processed by the receiver, by analyzing the message disposition notification included in the E-mail data received by the receiving unit and capable of representing plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent E-mail by the receiver," as recited in page 4 of the Remarks.

As to point (A), Examiner respectfully disagrees noting that Wakasugi teaches the network facsimile device NFA detects the delivery confirmation mail sent from the network facsimile device NFB at step 104 in Fig. 3 and executes the reception process of the delivery confirmation mail at step 105 in Fig. 3 with reference to Fig. 10, wherein as illustrated in Fig. 5, the status of the message disposition notification "Disposition manual-action/MDN-send-Manually; displayed" indicates that the sent email data was properly received and displayed, the NFA changes "—" to "OK" in the result field of the communication management information recorded in the communication management table 4a (Wakasugi, col. 9, lines 45-60).

However, **Wakasugi** does not **explicitly** teach the MDN can represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver.

In the same field of endeavor, RFC 2298 teaches a MIME content-type (Message Disposition Notifications MDN) to describe the disposition of a message after it has been delivered to a recipient (RFC 2298, Abstract, page 1 of 27), wherein the Message Disposition Notification types are defined "displayed", "dispatched", "processed", "deleted", "denied" and "failed" which can be used to describe the

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represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver) (RFC 2298, section 3.2.6 Disposition field, pages 12-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the features of using the MDN to represent plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent email by the receiver, as disclosed by RFC 2298, into the teachings of Wakasugi since both references are directed to electronic message processing systems, hence, would be considered to be analogous based on their related fields of endeavor.

One would be motivated to do so to allow the communications system to report the sending user the disposition of a message after it has been successfully delivered to a recipient (FRC 2298, Abstract, page 1 of 27).

In this case, Examiner respectfully submits that in view of the Supreme Court's recent opinion in *KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc.*, "What matters is the objective reach of the claim. If the claim extends to what is obvious, it is invalid under U.S.C 103." *KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex, Inc.*, 127 S. Ct. 1727, 1742 (2007). To be nonobvious, an improvement must be "more than the predictable use of prior art elements according to their established functions." *Id.* at 1740. In *KSR*, the Supreme Court reaffirmed that "[w]hen a patent 'simply arranges old elements with each performing the same function it had been known to perform' and yields no more than one would expect from such an arrangement, the combination is obvious." *KSR*, 127 S. Ct. 1740 (quoting *Sakraida v. Ag Pro, Inc.*, 425 U.S. 273, 282 (1976)). Moreover, "[w]hen there is a design need or

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market pressure to solve a problem and there are a finite number of identified, predictable solutions, a person of ordinary skill has good reason to pursue the known options within his or her technical grasp. If this leads to the anticipated success, it is likely the product ... of ordinary skill and common sense." KSR, 127 S. Ct. at 1742. This reasoning is applicable here. Clearly, Wakasugi teaches as illustrated in Fig. 5, the status of the message disposition notification "Disposition manual-action/MDNsend-Manually; displayed" indicates that the sent email data was properly received and displayed, and the network facsimile device NFA changes "---" to "OK" in the result field of the communication management information recorded in the communication management table 4a (Wakasugi, col. 9, lines 45-60). Also, in the networking art, there are a finite number of identified, predictable solutions (such as the processed results of "displayed", "dispatched", "processed", "deleted", "denied" and "failed") available to a person of ordinary skill, as set forth in the RFC 2298. Furthermore, the message disposition notification MDN is notoriously well known in the art, as evidenced by Wakasugi and RFC 2298, thus, Examiner respectfully submits that it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Wakasugi and RFC 2298 to teach or suggest "an analyzing unit, adapted to analyze how the sent Email data to which information for requesting the message disposition notification was added is processed by the receiver, by analyzing the message disposition notification included in the E-mail data received by the receiving unit and capable of representing plural kinds of processed results as processed results for the sent E-mail by the receiver," as recited in page 4 of the Remarks.

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Conclusion

20. Applicant's arguments as well as request for reconsideration filed on 12/07/2007 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

21. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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22. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Quang N. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)

272-3886.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

SPE, Rupal Dharia, can be reached at (571) 272-3880. The fax phone number for the

organization is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Quang N. Nguyen

Primary Examiner – AU 2141

January 30th, 2008